Buletinul Științific al Universității din Baia Mare Seria B, Matematică-Informatică, vol XIII(1997), 17-32

## SUBGROUPS AND QUOTIENT GROUPS OF ABELIAN GROUPS WITH D.S.LP.

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Abstract: It is known that if an abelian group A has the direct summand intersection property (for short D.S.L.P.), then any direct summand B, of A, and A/B have the same property. In this work we will study necessary and/or sufficient conditions for which some subgroups of group A (with D.S.L.P.), which are not direct summands and the quotient groups corresponding to, to have D.S.L.P. Thus, being given an abelian group A; with D.S.L.P. and m a non-null natural number, we will study, here, the following subgroups: mA, A[m],  $m^{-1}$ A (in this case, A is a subgroup of a group G), F(A) the Frattini subgroup of A and  $B_A$  the p-basic subgroup of A, for a p-any prime number, as well as the quotient corresponding groups. All through this paper by group we mean abelian group in additive notation and we will note with P the set of all prime numbers.