

## Sharp form of inequality for the constant $e$

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### ABSTRACT.

(i) We determine the best possible constants  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  such that the inequalities

$$2(n + \alpha) \left( \frac{2^n n!}{(2n)!} \right)^{1/n} < e \leq 2(n + \beta) \left( \frac{2^n n!}{(2n)!} \right)^{1/n}$$

are valid for all integers  $n \geq 1$ .

(ii) Let the sequence  $v_n$  be defined by

$$v_n = 2 \left( n + \frac{\ln 2}{2} + \frac{a}{n} + \frac{b}{n^2} \right) \left( \frac{2^n n!}{(2n)!} \right)^{1/n}.$$

We determine the values  $a, b$  which provide the fastest sequence  $(v_n)_{n \geq 1}$  approximating the constant  $e$ .

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